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English

M7VIQ Features (for V1.2)

CPU

- Single AMD Socket-A for Athlon™ (Thunderbird™)/ Athlon™ XP/ Duron™ processors.
- Running at 200/266 MHz Front Side Bus.

Chipset

- North Bridge: VIA KM266 (VT8375).
- South Bridge: VT8235.

Main Memory

- Supports up to 2 DDR devices.
- Supports 200/266MHz (without ECC) DDR SDRAM devices.
- The largest memory capacity is 2GB.

Slots

- Three 32-bit PCI bus master slots.
- One CNR slot.
- One AGP slot.

On Board IDE

- Supports four IDE disk drives.
- Supports PIO Mode 4, Master Mode and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 Bus Master Mode.

On Board VGA

- Integrated Savage4 2D/3D Graphics Controller and Video Accelerator.

LAN Chipset

- VIA VT6103(Optional)

Audio

- AC97 2.1 interface.
- PC99 complaint
- Supports 2 channels.

On Board Peripherals

- Supports 360K, 720K, 1.2MB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB floppy disk drivers.
- Supports 2 serial ports.
- Supports 1 multi-mode parallel port.(SPP/EPP/ECP mode)
- Supports PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard.
- Supports 2 back USB2.0 ports and 2 front USB2.0 ports(Optional).

BIOS

-
- AWARD legal Bios.
 - Supports APM1.2.
 - Supports ACPI.
 - Supports USB Function.

Operating System

- Offers the highest performance for MS-DOS, Windows 2000, Windows Me, Windows XP, SCO UNIX etc.

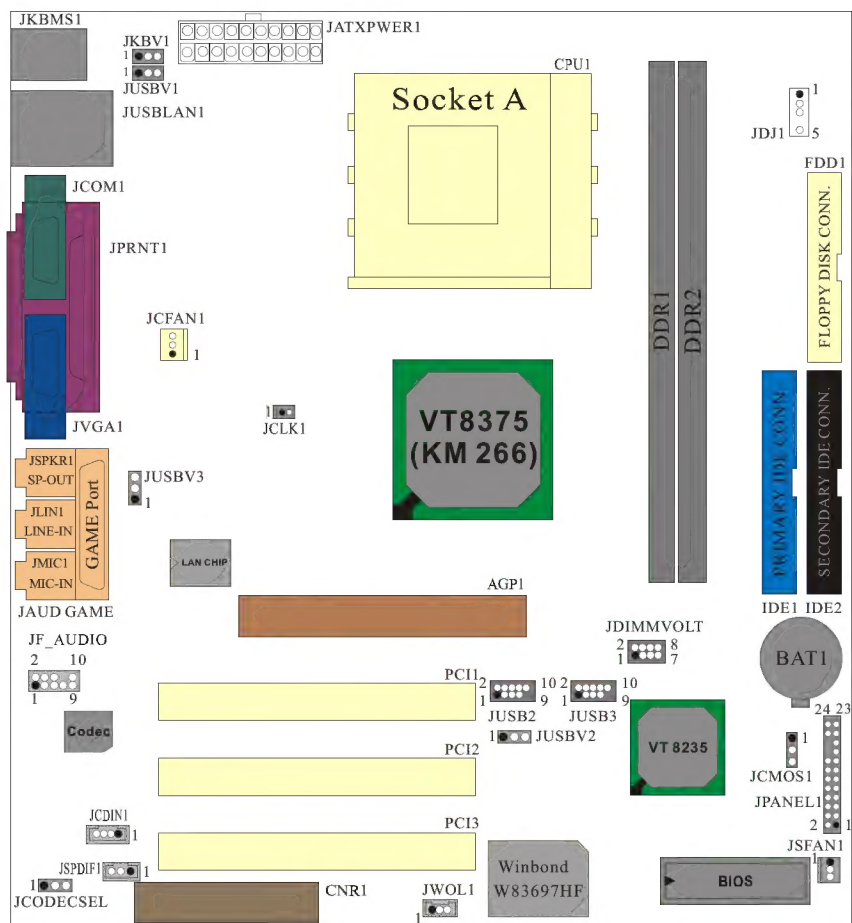
Dimensions

- Micro ATX Form Factor: 24.4cm X 24.4cm (W X L)

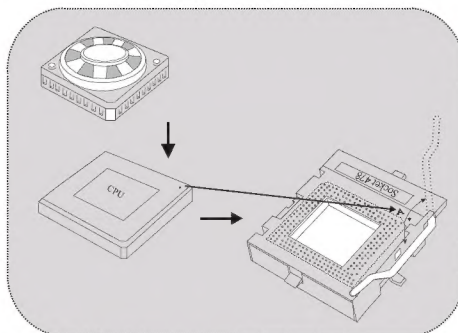
Package contents

- HDD Cable X 1
- FDD Cable X 1
- Fully Setup Driver CD X 1
- Flash Memory Writer for BIOS update X 1
- USB Cable X 2 (Optional)
- Rear I/O Panel for ATX Case X 1 (Optional)

Layout of M7VIQ

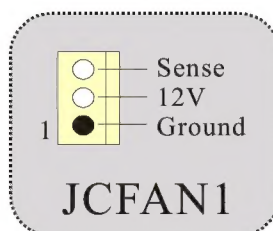
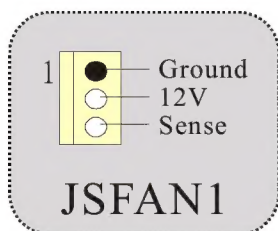


CPU Installation



1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket then raise the lever up to 90-degree angle.
2. Locate Pin A in the socket and look for the white dot or cut edge in the CPU. Match Pin A with the white dot/cut edge then insert the CPU.
3. Press the lever down. Then Put the fan on the CPU and buckle it and put the fan's power port into the JCFAN1, then to complete the installation.

CPU/ System Fan Headers: JCFAN1/ JSFAN1



DDR DIMM Modules: DDR1-2

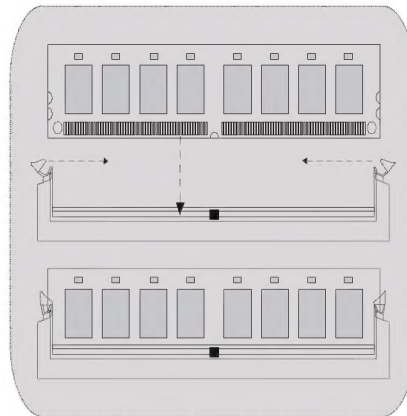
DRAM Access Time: 2.5V Unbuffered DDR 200/266 MHz Type required.
DRAM Type: 64MB/ 128MB/ 256MB/ 512MB/ 1GB DIMM Module (184 pin)

DIMM Socket Location	DDR Module	Total Memory Size (MB)
DDR 1	64MB/128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB *1	Max is 2GB
DDR 2	64MB/128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB *1	

* The list shown above for DRAM configuration is only for reference.

How to install a DIMM Module

1. The DIMM socket has a “Plastic Safety Tab”, and the DIMM memory module has an “Asymmetrical notch”, so the DIMM memory module can only fit into the slot in one direction.
2. Push the tabs out. Insert the DIMM memory modules into the socket at a 90-degree angle, then push down vertically so that it will fit into the place.
3. The Mounting Holes and plastic tabs should fit over the edge and hold the DIMM memory modules in place.



Jumpers, Headers, Connectors & Slots

Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1/ IDE2

The motherboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE Controller that provides PIO Mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA / 33/ 66/ 100/ 133 functionality. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary).

The IDE connectors can connect a master and a slave drive, so you can connect up to four hard disk drives. The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1.

Floppy Disk Connector: FDD1

The motherboard provides a standard floppy disk connector that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.

Communication Network Riser Slot: CNR1

The CNR specification is an open Industry Standard Architecture, and it defines a hardware scalable riser card interface, which supports modem only.

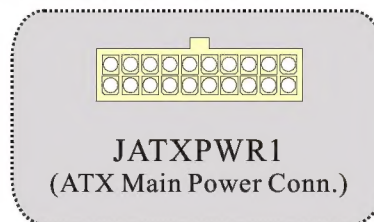
Peripheral Component Interconnect Slots: PCI1-3

This motherboard is equipped with 3 standard PCI slots. PCI stands for Peripheral Component Interconnect, and it is a bus standard for expansion cards. This PCI slot is designated as 32 bits.

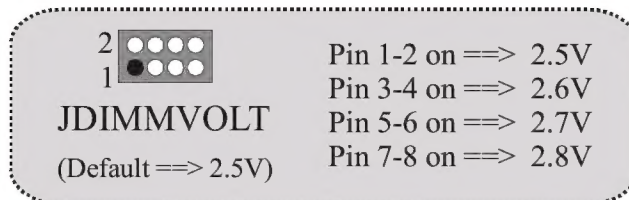
Accelerated Graphics Port Slot: AGP1

Unlike the mouse ports, keyboard ports and printer ports, this motherboard does not have built in video facilities; and therefore, requires a video card for one of the expansion slots. Your monitor will attach directly to that video card. This motherboard supports video cards for PCI, but is also equipped with an Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP). An AGP card will take advantage of AGP technology for improved video efficiency and performance, especially with 3D graphics.

Power Connectors: JATXPWR1

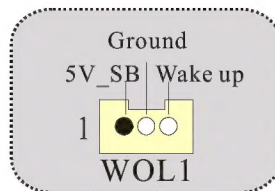


DIMM Power Selection Connector: JDIMMVOLT

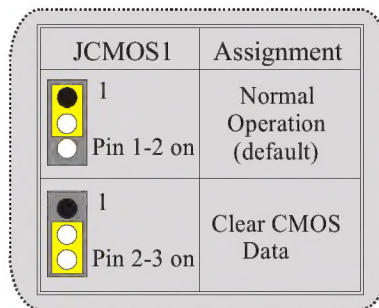


- It strongly recommended to set DDR DIMM voltage in default setting 2.5V, and it for over voltage function.

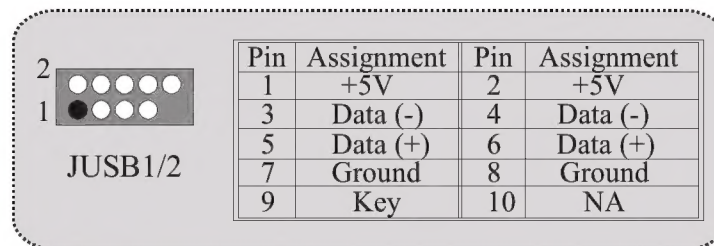
Wake On LAN Header: WOL1





Clear CMOS Jumper:JCMOS




Front USB Header: JUSB2/ JUSB3





5V/ 5VSB Selection for USB: JUSBV1/2/3

JUSBV1/2/3	Assignment
 1 Pin 1-2 on	5V
 1 Pin 2-3 on	5V_SB



CPU Frequency Selection: JCLK1

1 	On ==> 100MHz
JCLK1	Off ==> 133MHz

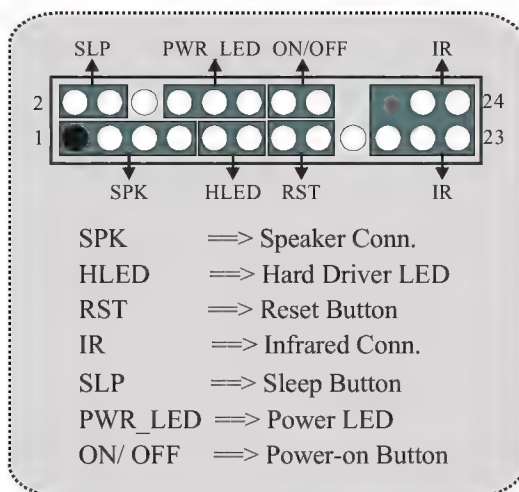
5V/ 5VSB Selection for Keyboard: JKBV1

JKBV1	Assignment
 1 Pin 1-2 on	5V
 1 Pin 2-3 on	5V_SB

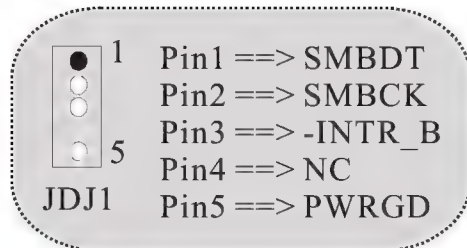
CNR Codec Primary/ Secondary Selection: JCODECSEL

J_CODECSEL	Assignment
 Pin 1-2 1	On-board Primary Codec (Default).
 Pin 2-3 1	CNR Primary Codec.

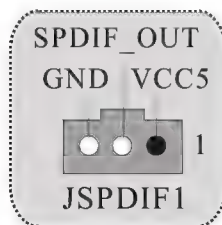
Front Panel Connector: JPANEL1



Audio DJ: JDJ1



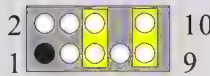
Digital Audio Connector: JSPDIF1 (Optional)



Audio Subsystem: JF_AUDIO/JCDIN1


JF_AUDIO1
 (Front Audio Header)


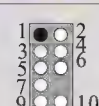

JCDIN1
 (CD-ROM Audio-In Header)


JAUDIO1

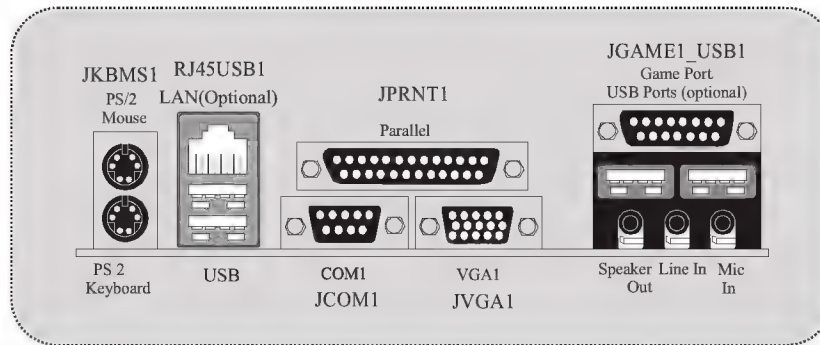
Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Mic In	2	Ground
3	Mic Power	4	Audio Power
5	RT Line Out	6	RT Line Out
7	Reserved	8	NC
9	LFT Line Out	10	LFT Line Out

Pin 5 and 9 are routed to Front Panel Audio Out.
 Pin 6 and 10 are routed from Front Panel Audio Out.

Front Panel Audio Connector/Jumper Block

Jumper Setting	Configuration
 Pin 5 and 6 Pin 9 and 10	Audio line out signals are routed to the back panel audio line out connector.
 No jumpers installed	Audio line out and mic in signals are available for front panel audio connectors.

Back Panel Connectors



Español

Características del M7VIQ

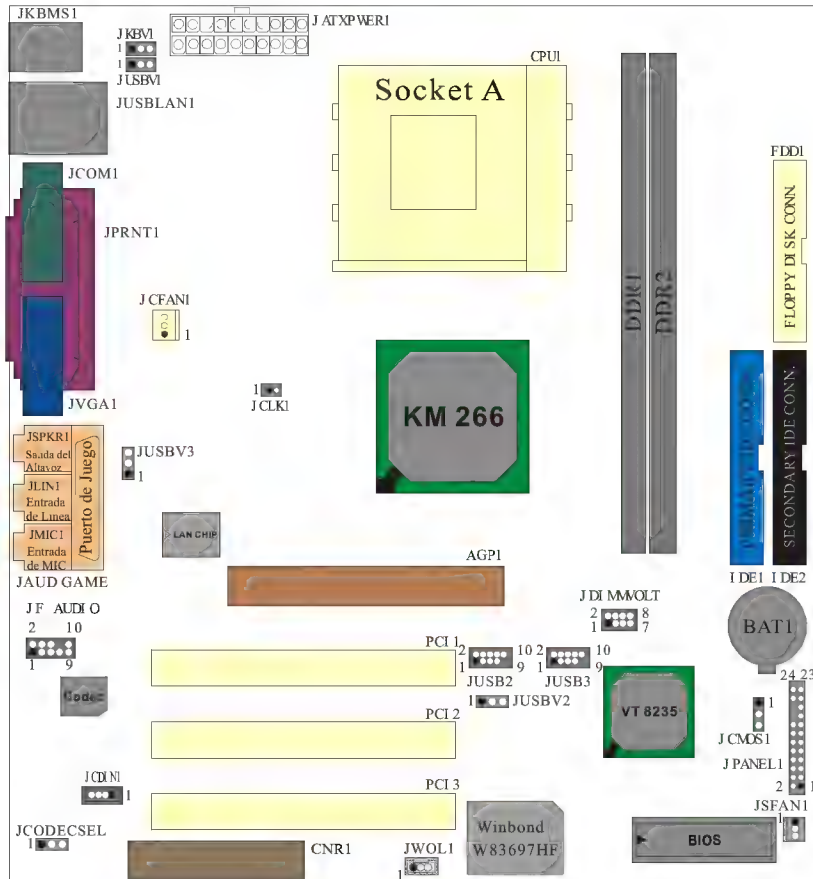
- ✧ Usa Chipset Via KM266/ VT8235, W83697HF, LAN Chip (opcional).
- ✧ Contiene facilidades I/O integrados en la placa madre en el que incluye un puerto en serie, un puerto paralelo, un puerto de ratón PS/2, un puerto de teclado PS/2, puerto de audio, puertos USB, un puerto LAN (opcional), un puerto de juego, y un puerto para el monitor.
- ✧ Soporta single AMD Socket A para procesadores Athlon™ (Thunderbird™) / Athlon XP™ / Duron™ corriendo a 200/266 MHz Front Side Bus (FSB).
- ✧ Soporta Ultra 133/100/66/33, modos PIO, discos duros IDE, modo LBA.
- ✧ Soporta 2 dispositivos DDR 200/266 MHz (sin ECC).
- ✧ Soporta una ranura CNR (solamente de Tipo B), tres ranuras PCI Bus de 32-bit, y una ranura AGP.
- ✧ Conformar con las especificaciones del factor de forma de tamaño PC Micro-ATX.
- ✧ Soporta sistemas operativos populares tales como Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Windows XP, LINUX y SCO UNIX.
- ✧ Compatible con Via® AC'97 2.2.
- ✧ High S/N ratio reúne los requisitos del PC 99.
- ✧ 4CH DAC, aplicables para chipsets de principales placas madres.
- ✧ Entrada de Línea phonejack compartido con el rear out.

Contenido del Paquete

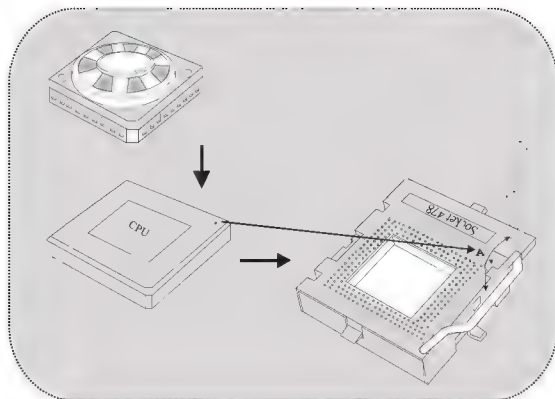
- ✧ Cable HDD X 1, Cable FDD X 1, Configuración Completa del Driver CD X 1
- ✧ Flash Memory Writer para actualización del BIOS X 1
- ✧ Cable USB X 2 (Opcional)

✱ Panel Trasero I/O para Caja ATX X 1 (Opcional)

Disposición del M7VIQ

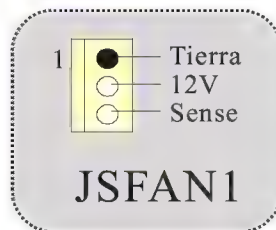
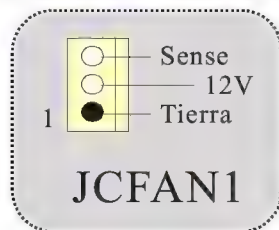


Instalación del CPU



1. Tire de la palanca del lado del zócalo, luego levante la palanca hasta un ángulo de 90 grados.
2. Sitúe el contacto A del zócalo y busque el punto blanco o corte el borde en la CPU. Empareje el contacto A con el punto blanco/ corte del borde, luego inserte la CPU.
3. Presione la palanca para abajo. Ponga el ventilador en la CPU y abróchelo. Luego ponga el puerto de corriente del ventilador en el JCFAN1. Y ya habrá completado su instalación.

CPU/ Cabezales del Sistema de Ventilación: JCFAN1/ JSFAN1



Módulos DDR DIMM: DDR1-2

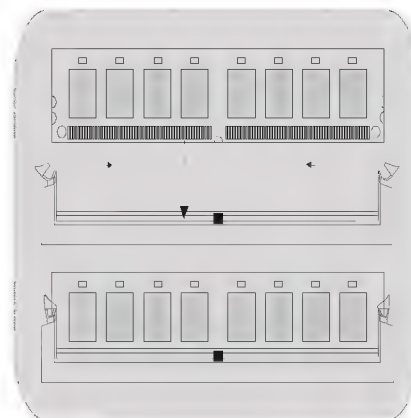
DRAM Tiempor de Acceso: 2.5V Unbuffered DDR 200/266 MHz Tipo requerido.
DRAM Tipo: 64MB/ 128MB/ 256MB/ 512MB/ 1GB Módulo DIMM (184 pin)

Localización del Módulo DIMM	Módulo DDR	Total del Tamaño de Memoria (MB)
DDR 1	64MB/128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB *1	Máximo de 2GB
DDR 2	64MB/128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB *1	

* La lista de arriba para la configuración DRAM es solamente para referencia.

Cómo instalar un Módulo DIMM

1. El zócalo DIMM tiene una lengüeta plástica de seguridad y el módulo de memoria DIMM tiene una muesca asimétrica, así el módulo de memoria DIMM puede caber solamente en la ranura de una sola dirección.
2. Tire la lengüeta hacia afuera. Inserte los módulos de memoria DIMM en el zócalo a los 90 grados, luego empuje hacia abajo verticalmente de modo que encaje en el lugar.
3. Los agujeros de montaje y las lengüetas plásticas deben caber por sobre el borde y sostenga los módulos de memoria DIMM en el lugar.



Conectores, Cabezales, Puentes y Ranuras

Conectores del Disco Duro: IDE1/ IDE2

La placa madre tiene un controlador de 32-bit PCI IDE que proporciona Modo PIO 0~4, Bus Master, y funcionalidad Ultra DMA / 33/ 66/ 100. Tiene dos conectores HDD IDE1 (primario) y IDE2 (secundario).

El conector IDE puede conectar a un master y un drive esclavo, así puede conectar hasta cuatro discos rígidos. El primer disco duro debe estar siempre conectado al IDE1.

Conector para el Disquete: FDD1

La placa madre proporciona un conector estándar del disquete (FDC) que soporta 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M y 2.88M tipos de disquete. Éste conector utiliza los cables de cinta proporcionados por el disquete.

Banda de Suspensión de Comunicación y Red: CNR1

La especificación CNR es una abierta Industria de Arquitectura Estándar, que define una tarjeta de interface escalable del hardware en el que soporta solamente modem.

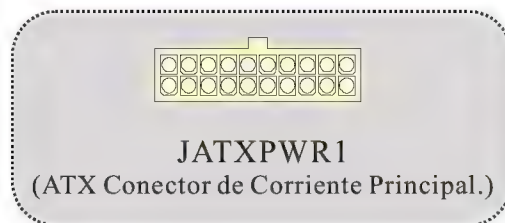
Ranura de Interconexión del Componente Periférico: PCI1-3

Esta placa madre está equipada con 3 ranuras estándar PCI. PCI es la sigla para Interconexión del Componente Periférico, y es un bus estándar para tarjetas de expansión en el que suplanta a la antigua bus estándar ISA, en su mayoría de las partes. Esta ranura PCI está diseñado con 32 bits.

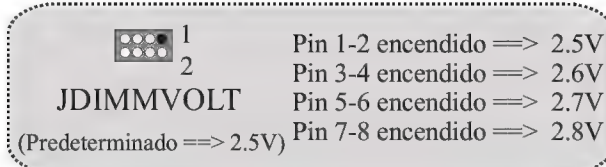
Ranura del Puerto Acelerado para Gráficos: AGP1

Su monitor se fijará directamente a la tarjeta de video. Esta placa madre soporta tarjetas de video para ranuras PCI, y también está equipado con un Puerto Acelerado para Gráficos (AGP/ solamente soporta 1.5V y 4X tarjeta AGP). Esta tarjeta AGP tomará ventaja de la tecnología del AGP para el mejoramiento de la eficiencia y funcionamiento del video, especialmente con gráficos 3D.

Conectores de Corriente: JATXPWR1

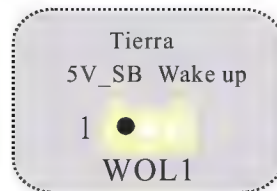


Conector de Selección de la Corriente DIMM: JDIMMVOLT

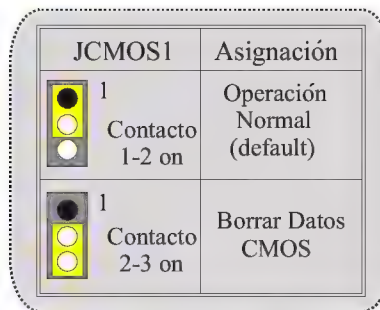


- Ésta fuertemente recomendado fijar el voltaje del DDR DIMM en su voltaje predeterminado 2.5V, and it for over voltage function.

Cabezal Wake On LAN: WOL1





Puente de BorrarCMOS: JCMOS1




Cabezal Frontal USB: JUSB2/ JUSB3



5V/ 5VSB Selección para USB: JUSBV1/2/3

JUSBV1/ 2/ 3	Asignación
 1 Contactos 1-2 on	5V
 1 Contactos 2-3 on	5V_SB



Selección de Frecuencia del CPU: JCLK1

1 	On ==> 100MHz
JCLK1	Off ==> 133MHz

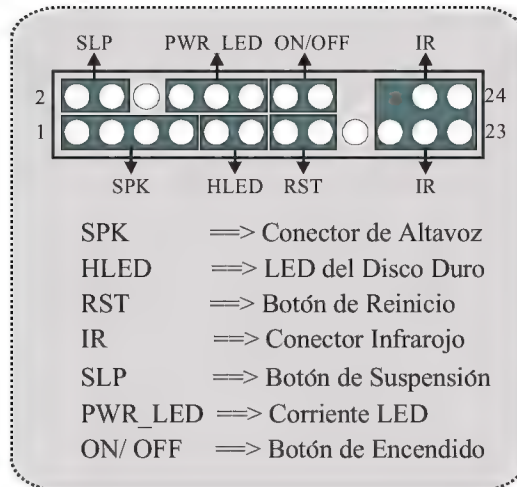
5V/ 5VSB Selección para Teclado: JKBV1

JKBV1	Asignación
 1 Contactos 1-2 on	5V
 1 Contactos 2-3 on	5V_SB

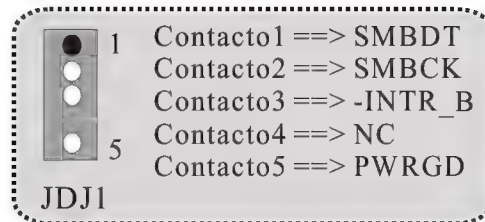
CNR Codec de Selección Primario/ Secundario: JCODECSEL

J_CODECSEL	Assignment
 1 Contacto 1-2	Codec Primario integrado en la placa madre.
 1 Contacto 2-3	CNR Codec Primario.

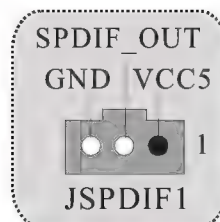
Conector del Panel Frontal: JPANEL1



Audio DJ: JDJ1



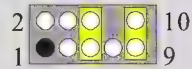
Conector Digital de Audio: JSPDIF1 (Optional)



Subsistema de Audio: JF_AUDIO/JCDIN1


JF_AUDIO1
 (Cabezal Frontal de Audio)


JCDIN1
 (Cabezal de Entrada de Audio CD-ROM)




JAUDIO1

Contactos	Asignacion	Contactos	Asignacion
1	Entrada del MIC	2	Tierra
3	Corriente del MIC	4	Corriente de Audio
5	RT Salida de Linea	6	RT Salida de Linea
7	Reservado	8	Key
9	LFT Salida de Linea	10	LFT Salida de Linea

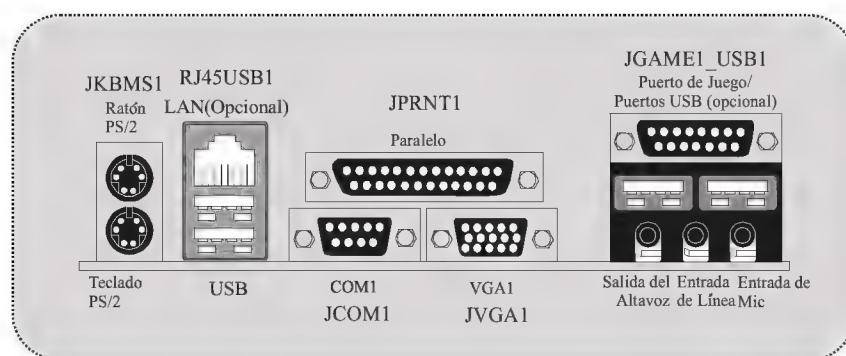
Contactos 5 y 9 son encaminados a la Salida de Audio del Panel Frontal.

Contactos 6 y 10 son encaminados desde la Salida de Audio del Panel Frontal.

Conector del Panel Frontal de Audio/ Jumper Block

Jumper Setting	Configuración
 <p> Contacto 5 & 6 Contacto 9 & 10 </p>	<p>La señal de salida de linea del Audio encamina al conector de la salida de linea del Audio ubicado en el panel trasero.</p>
 <p>No jumpers installed</p>	<p>La señal de salida de linea del Audio y la señal del entrada del mic estan disponibles desde el conector de Audio del panel frontal.</p>

Conectores del Panel Trasero



Français

M7VIQ Particularités (pour V1.2)

CPU :

- Douille-A AMD Simple pour Athlon™ (Thunderbird™) / Athlon™ XP/Duron™ processeurs.
- Dirigeant à Autobus de Côté de Front de MHz 200/266.

Chipset :

- Pont du Nord : VIA KM266 (VT8375).
- Pont du Sud : VT8235.

Mémoire Principale :

- Soutient dispositifs jusqu'à 2 DDR.
- Soutient dispositifs de DDR SDRAM (sans CEE).
- La plus grande capacité de mémoire(souvenir) est 2GB.

Fentes :

- Trois fentes de maître d'autobus PCI 32 bits.
- Une fente CNR.
- Une fente AGP.

À bord IDE :

- Soutient quatre lecteurs de disques IDE.
- Soutient PIO Mode 4, le Mode de Maître et DMA Ultra 33/66/100/133 le Mode de Maître d'Autobus.

À bord VGA :

- Intégré Savage4 Contrôleur Graphique 2D/3D et Accélérateur Vidéo.

Chipset LAN :

- VIA VT6103 (Facultatif).

Audio :

- AC97 2.1 interface.
- PC99 la plainte - Soutient 2 canaux.

À bord Périphériques :

- Soutient 360Ko, 720Ko, 1.2MB, 1.44MB et 2.88MB des conducteurs de disquette.
- Soutient 2 ports périodiques.
- Soutient 1 multi-mode port parallèle. (SPP/EPP/ECP mode)
- Soutient le souris PS/2 et le clavier PS/2.
- Soutient 2 ports en arrière USB2.0 des et 2 ports en avant USB2.0 des (Facultatifs).

BIOS :

- ACCORDENT le BIOS légal.
- Soutient APM1.2.
- Soutient ACPI.
- Soutient la Fonction d'USB.

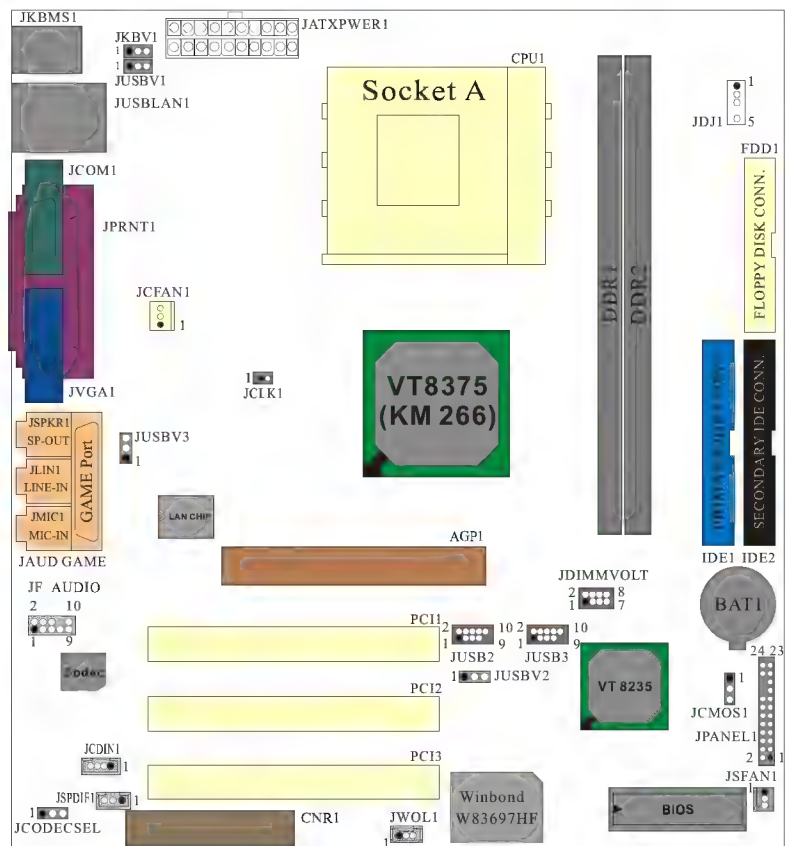
Système de Fonctionnement :

- Offre l'exécution(performance) la plus haute pour MS-DOS, Windows 2000, des Fenêtres Moi, Windows XP, SCO UNIX etc.

Dimensions :

- Micro Facteur de Forme d'ATX : 24.4cm X 24.4cm (W X L)

Dessin d'M7VIQ



WarpSpeeder



Introduction

[WarpSpeeder™], a new powerful control utility, features three user-friendly functions including Overclock Manager, Overvoltage Manager, and Hardware Monitor.

The following three sections detail the installation of FastTrak 376 drivers on a system that has Windows 98/Me already installed. If you're installing the FastTrak 376 drivers on a system during a Windows 98/Me installation, see "Installing Drivers During Windows 98/Me Installation" on page 10. With the Overclock Manager, users can easily adjust the frequency they prefer or they can get the best CPU performance with just one click. The Overvoltage Manager, on the other hand, helps to power up CPU core voltage and Memory voltage. The cool Hardware Monitor smartly indicates the temperatures, voltage and CPU fan speed as well as the chipset information. Also, in the About panel, you can get detail descriptions about BIOS model and chipsets. In addition, the frequency status of CPU, memory, AGP and PCI along with the CPU speed are synchronically shown on our main panel.

Moreover, to protect users' computer systems if the setting is not appropriate when testing and results in system fail or hang, [WarpSpeeder™] technology assures the system stability by automatically rebooting the computer and then restart to a speed that is either the original system speed or a suitable one.

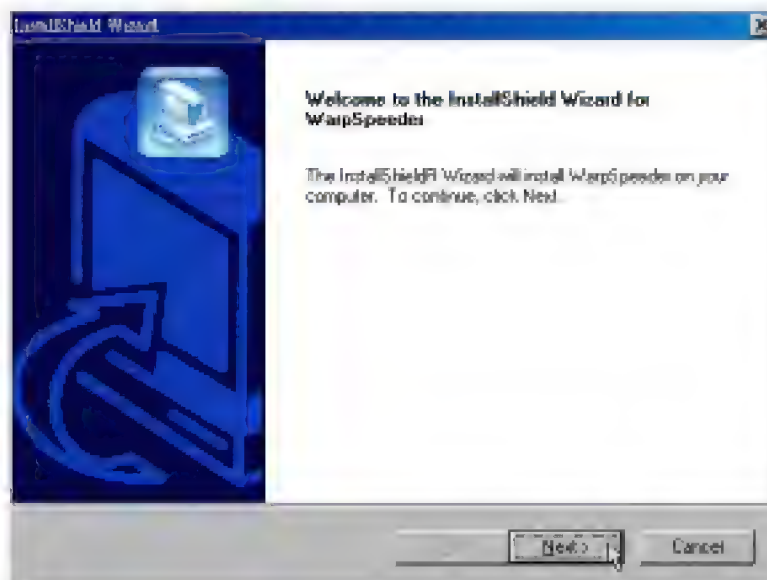
System Requirement

OS Support: Windows 98 SE, Windows Me, Windows 2000, Windows XP

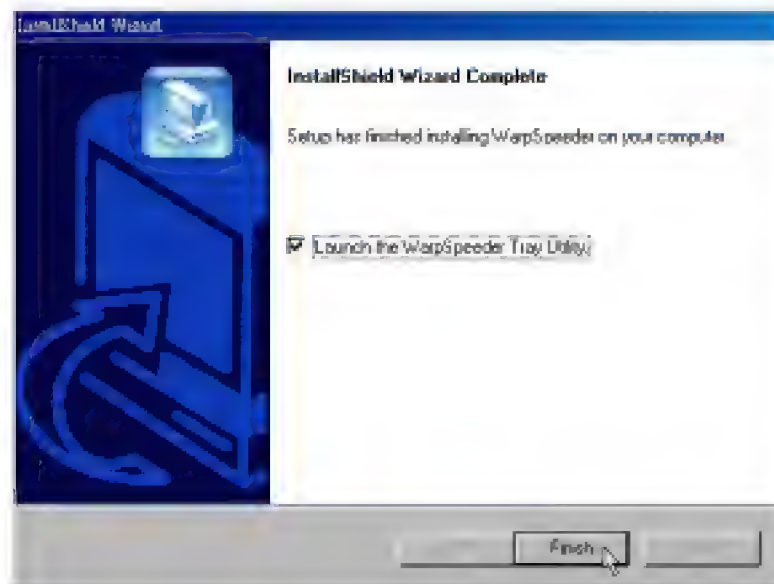
DirectX: DirectX 8.1 or above. (The Windows XP operating system includes DirectX 8.1. If you use Windows XP, you do not need to install DirectX 8.1.)

Installation

1. Execute the setup execution file, and then the following dialog will pop up. Please click "Next" button and follow the default procedure to install.



2. When you see the following dialog in setup procedure, it means setup is completed. If the "Launch the WarpSpeeder Tray Utility" checkbox is checked, the Tray Icon utility and [WarpSpeeder™] utility will be automatically and immediately launched after you click "Finish" button.



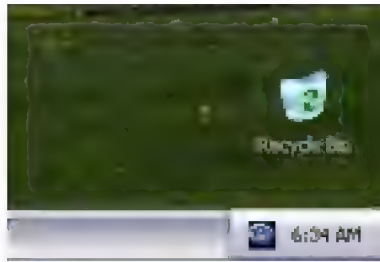
Usage

The following figures are just only for reference, the screen printed in this user manual will change according to your motherboard on hand.

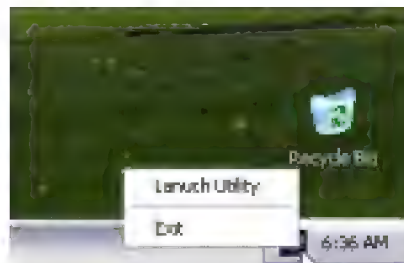
[WarpSpeeder™] includes 1 tray icon and 5 panels:

1. Tray Icon:

Whenever the Tray Icon utility is launched, it will display a little tray icon on the right side of Windows Taskbar.



This utility is responsible for conveniently invoking [WarpSpeeder™] Utility. You can use the mouse by clicking the left button in order to invoke [WarpSpeeder™] directly from the little tray icon or you can right-click the little tray icon to pop up a popup menu as following figure. The “Launch Utility” item in the popup menu has the same function as mouse left-click on tray icon and “Exit” item will close Tray Icon utility if selected.



2. Main Panel

If you click the tray icon, [WarpSpeeder™] utility will be invoked. Please refer do the following figure; the utility's first window you will see is Main Panel.

Main Panel contains features as follows:

- a. Display the CPU Speed, CPU external clock, Memory clock, AGP clock, and PCI

clock information.

b. Contains About, Voltage, Overclock, and Hardware Monitor Buttons for invoking respective panels.

c. With a user-friendly Status Animation, it can represent 3 overclock percentage stages:

Man walking => overclock percentage from 100% ~ 110 %

Panther running => overclock percentage from 110% ~ 120%

Car racing => overclock percentage from 120% ~ above



3. Voltage Panel

Click the Voltage button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Voltage Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can decide to increase CPU core voltage and Memory voltage or not. The default setting is "No". If you want to get the best performance of overclocking, we recommend you click the option "Yes".



4. Overclock Panel

Click the Overclock button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Overclock Panel will slide out to left as the following figure.

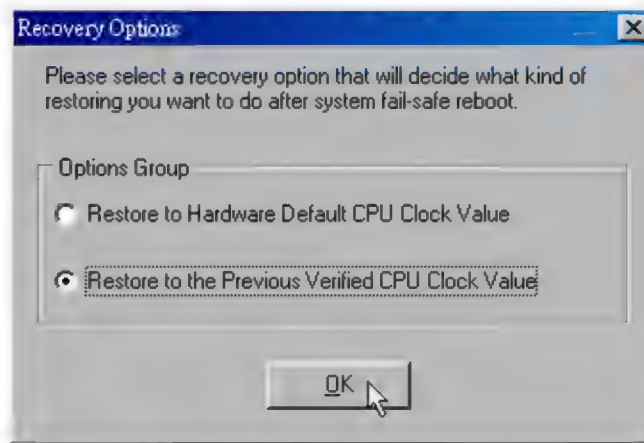
Overclock Panel contains the these features:

- a. “-3MHz button”, “-1MHz button”, “+1MHz button”, and “+3MHz button”: provide user the ability to do real-time overclock adjustment.

Warning: Manually overclock is potentially dangerous, especially when the overclocking percentage is over 110 %. We strongly recommend you verify every speed you overclock by click the Verify button. Or, you can just click

Auto overclock button and let [WarpSpeeder™] automatically gets the best result for you.

- b. "Recovery Dialog button": Pop up the following dialog. Let user select a restoring way if system need to do a fail-safe reboot.



- c. "Auto-overclock button": User can click this button and [WarpSpeeder™] will set the best and stable performance and frequency automatically. [WarpSpeeder™] utility will execute a series of testing until system fail. Then system will do fail-safe reboot by using Watchdog function. After reboot, the [WarpSpeeder™] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.
- d. "Verify button": User can click this button and [WarpSpeeder™] will proceed a testing for current frequency. If the testing is ok, then the current frequency will be saved into system registry. If the testing fail, system will do a fail-safe rebooting. After reboot, the [WarpSpeeder™] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.

Note: Because the testing programs, invoked in Auto-overclock and Verify, include DirectDraw, Direct3D and DirectShow tests, the DirectX 8.1 or newer runtime library is required. And please make sure your display card's color depth is High color (16 bit) or True color(24/32 bit) that is required for Direct3D rendering.



5. Hardware Monitor Panel

Click the Hardware Monitor button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Hardware Monitor panel will slide out to left as the following figure.

In this panel, you can get the real-time status information of your system. The information will be refreshed every 1 second.



6. About Panel

Click the About button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the About Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can get model name and detail information in hints of all the chipset that are related to overclocking. You can also get the mainboard's BIOS model and the Version number of [WarpSpeeder™] utility.



Note: Because the overclock, overvoltage, and hardware monitor features are controlled by several separate chipset, [WarpSpeeder™] divide these features to separate panels. If one chipset is not on board, the correlative button in Main panel will be disabled, but will not interfere other panels' functions. This property can make [WarpSpeeder™] utility more robust.

Trouble Shooting

PROBABLE	SOLUTION
No power to the system at all Power light don't illuminate, fan inside power supply does not turn on. Indicator light on keyboard does not turn on	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Make sure power cable is securely plugged in* Replace cable* Contact technical support
PROBABLE	SOLUTION
System inoperative. Keyboard lights are on, power indicator lights are lit, hard drive is spinning.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Using even pressure on both ends of the DIMM, press down firmly until the module snaps into place.
PROBABLE	SOLUTION
System does not boot from hard disk drive, can be booted from CD-ROM drive.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Check cable running from disk to disk controller board. Make sure both ends are securely plugged in; check the drive type in the standard CMOS setup.* Backing up the hard drive is extremely important. All hard disks are capable of breaking down at any time.
PROBABLE	SOLUTION
System only boots from CD-ROM. Hard disk can be read and applications can be used but booting from hard disk is impossible.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Back up data and applications files. Reformat the hard drive. Re-install applications and data using backup disks.
PROBABLE	SOLUTION
Screen message says "Invalid Configuration" or "CMOS Failure."	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Review system's equipment . Make sure correct information is in setup.
PROBABLE	SOLUTION
Cannot boot system after installing second hard drive.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Set master/slave jumpers correctly.* Run SETUP program and select correct drive types. Call drive manufacturers for compatibility with other drives.

Solución de Problemas

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
No hay corriente en el sistema. La luz de corriente no ilumina, ventilador dentro de la fuente de alimentación apagada. Indicador de luz del teclado apagado.	* Asegúrese que el cable de transmisión esté seguramente enchufado. * Reemplace el cable. * Contacte ayuda técnica.

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
Sistema inoperativo. Luz del teclado encendido, luz de indicador de corriente iluminado, disco rígido está girando.	* Presione los dos extremos del DIMM, presione para abajo firmemente hasta que el módulo encaje en el lugar.

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
Sistema no arranca desde el disco rígido, puede ser arrancado desde el CD-ROM drive.	* Controle el cable de ejecución desde el disco hasta el disco del controlador. Asegúrese de que ambos lados estén enchufados con seguridad; controle el tipo de disco en la configuración estándar CMOS. * Copiando el disco rígido es extremadamente importante. Todos los discos rígidos son capaces de dañarse en cualquier momento.

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
Sistema solamente arranca desde el CD-ROM. Disco rígido puede leer y aplicaciones pueden ser usados pero el arranque desde el disco rígido es imposible.	* Copie datos y documentos de aplicación. Vuelva a formatear el disco rígido. Vuelva a instalar las aplicaciones y datos usando el disco de copiado.

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
Mensaje de pantalla "Invalid Configuration" o "CMOS Failure."	* Revise el equipo del sistema. Asegúrese de que la información configurada sea correcta.

CAUSA PROBABLE	SOLUCIÓN
No puede arrancar después de instalar el segundo disco rígido.	* Fije correctamente el puente master/esclavo. * Ejecute el programa SETUP y seleccione el tipo de disco correcto. Llame a una manufacturación del disco para compatibilidad con otros discos.

26/02/2003